

XQuery

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What Is XQuery:

- ◆ Language for XML data sources including databases, documents and packaged applications.
- ◆ A programming language under development by the W3C that's designed to query collections of XML data.

Basic understanding of Xquery

- ◆ HTML / XHTML
- ◆ XML / XML Namespaces
- ◆ XPath

XQuery Terminology:

- ◆ Node:
 - Element, attribute, text, namespace, processing-instruction, comment, and document (root).
 - Example:

```
<bookstore> (:document node:)  
<author>J K.Rowling</author> (:element node:)  
lang="en" (:attribute node:)
```

Terminology:

- ◆ Atomic Values:
 - Without children or parent
 - Example:
 - J K. Rowling
 - "en"

Terminology:

- ◆ Items = Atomic Values
- ◆ Relationship of Nodes:
 - Parent:
 - Each element and attribute has one parent.
 - ```
<book> (:parent:)
<title>Harry Potter</title> (:element:)
<author>J K. Rowling</author> <year>2005</year>
<price>29.99</price>
</book>
```

## Terminology:

### Children:

- w Zero, one, or more
- w As example above: title, author, year, and price are children (:SIBLINGS:).

### ◆ Ancestor:

- A node's parent, parent's parent

```
<bookstore>
 <book>
 <title>Harry Potter</title>
 <author>J.K.Rowling</author>
 <year>2005</year>
 <price>29.99</price>
 </book>
</bookstore>
```

## XQuery Basic Syntax Rule:

- ◆ Case-sensitive
- ◆ Elements, attributes, and variables must be valid XML names
- ◆ String value can be in single or double quotes
- ◆ Variable is defined with a \$ followed by a name, e.g. \$bookstore
- ◆ comments are delimited by (: and :), e.g. (: XQuery Comment :)

## XQuery Comparison

### ◆ General comparisons:

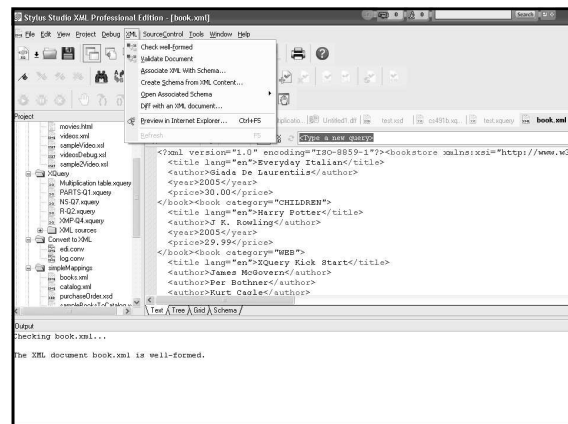
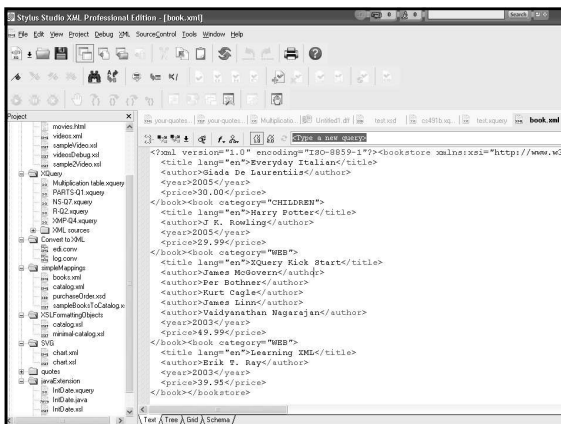
n =, !=, <, <=, >, >=

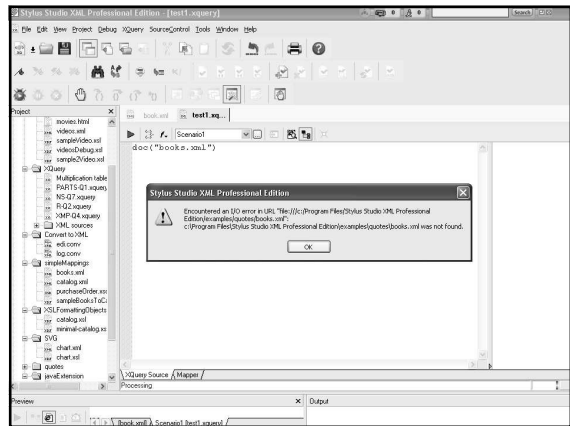
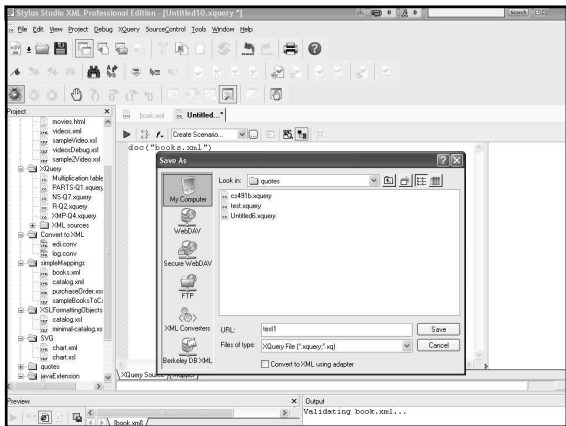
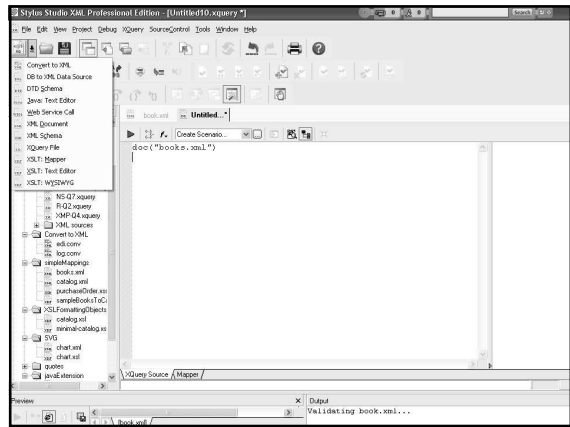
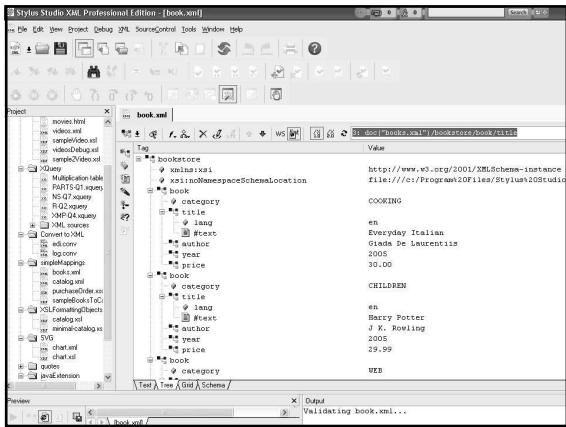
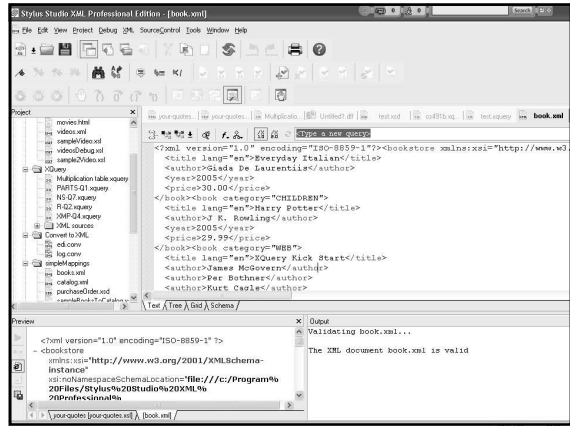
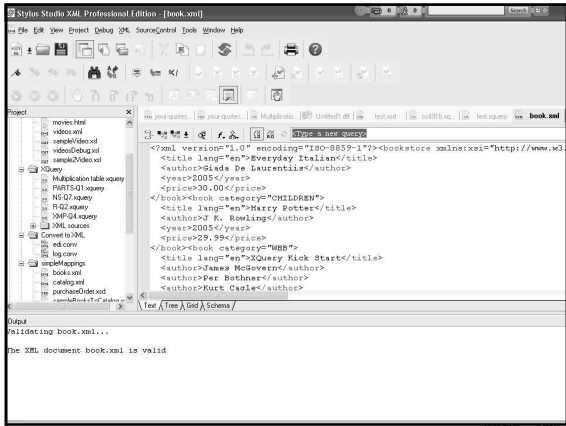
### ◆ Value comparisons:

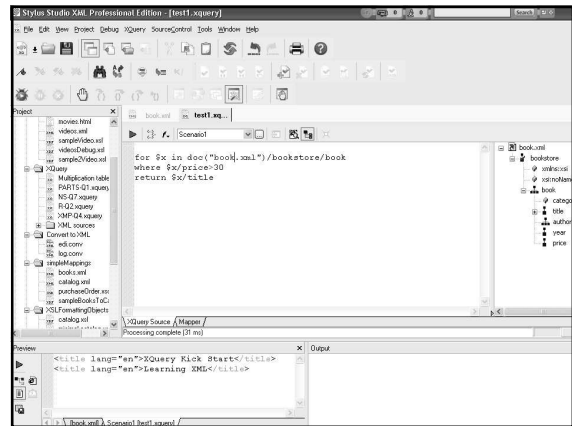
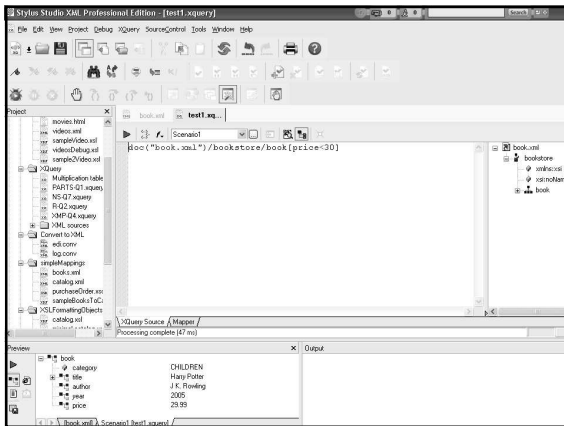
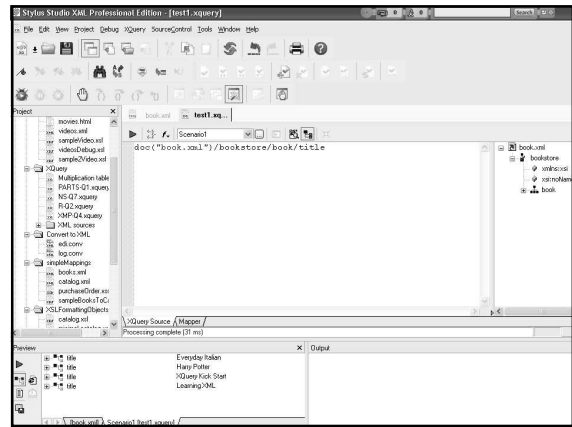
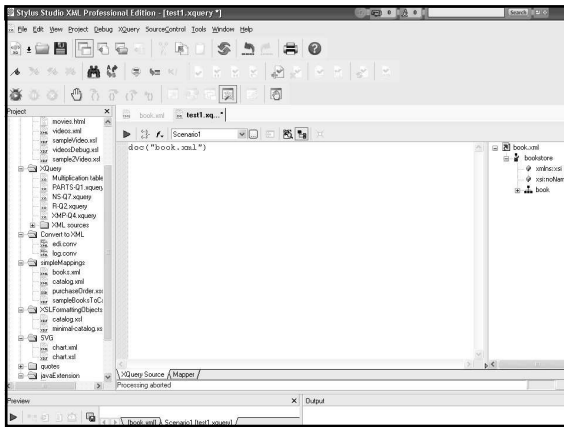
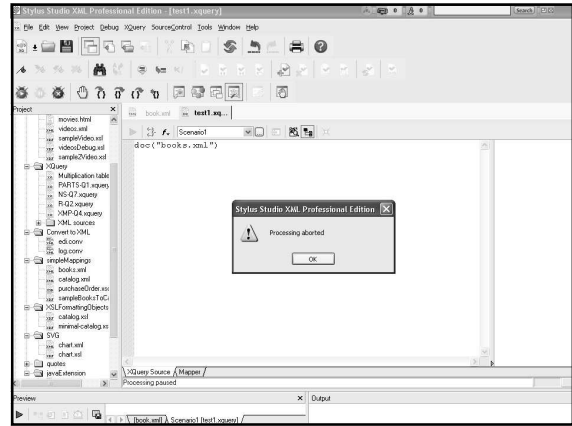
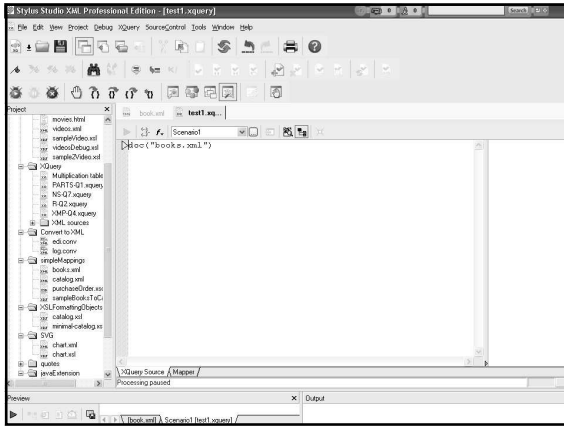
n eq, ne, lt, le, gt, ge

## DEMONSTRATION

USING  
STYLUS STUDIO 6







## Conclusions:

- ◆ Xquery is a query proposed by W3C
- ◆ The basic form of an Xquery is FLWR expression, which that concept similar to SQL form.
  - ₙ F = for     SQL = from
  - ₙ L = Let     SQL = from
  - ₙ W = Where     SQL = Where
  - ₙ R = Return (construct result in the form of an XML document).

## Conclusion:

- ◆ XML is the form that allows Xquery to transform the expression into SQL.
- ◆ Using the Stylus Studio 6 for creating the XML file is much easier to execute, its allows to view many outputs in one screen.

## Sources:

- ◆ [http://www.w3schools.com/XQuery/xquery\\_flwr.asp](http://www.w3schools.com/XQuery/xquery_flwr.asp)
- ◆ <http://www.w3.org/XML/Query>
- ◆ <http://www.google.com>
- ◆ <http://www.stylusstudio.com>
- ◆ Web library