

## CS520 Web Programming Spring – MVC Framework

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## Roadmap

- ◆ Request Processing
  - DAO implementation (Model)
  - Tiles (View)
- ◆ Controllers (Controller)

## Understand Request Processing

- ◆ What happens when the server received a request like

```
http://localhost:8080/csns2/student/viewSubmission.html?assignmentId=2000005
```

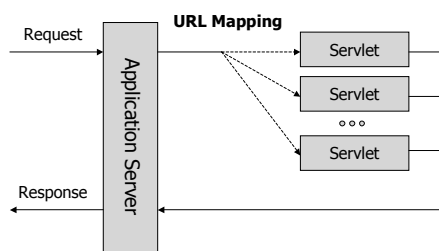
Host URL

Application Context Name

## Application Context

- ◆ Allows multiple applications to be deployed on the server without interfering with each other
- ◆ Application context name
  - Project name in Eclipse, or
  - WAR file name, or
  - Specified in `WEB-INF/META-INF/context.xml`

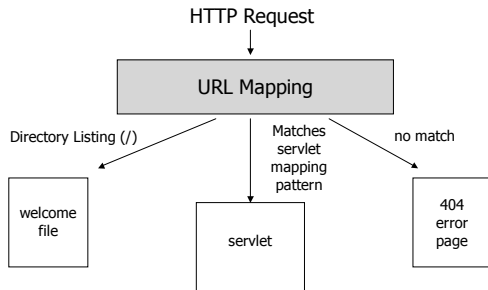
## URL Mapping in a Java EE Application



## URL Mapping ...

- ◆ Configured in `web.xml`
  - `<servlet>` and `<servlet-mapping>`
  - `<welcome-file-list>`
  - `<error-page>`

## ... URL Mapping



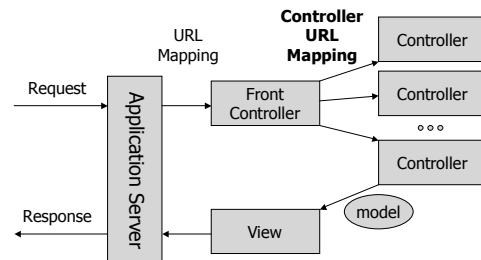
## Other Configuration Files

- ◆ Under classpath
  - Properties files
  - Hibernate, EHCACHE, Log4j, ...
- ◆ Under WEB-INF
  - Spring bean definitions
  - Tiles, ...

## Spring MVC Namespace

- ◆ <mvc:annotation-driven>
- ◆ <mvc:resources>
  - Serve static resources
  - Can set cache period
- ◆ <mvc:view-controller>
  - A controller that simply returns a view (without doing anything else)

## Request Processing in an MVC Framework



## Controller URL Mapping

- ◆ Controller classes are annotated with @Controller
- ◆ Controller methods are annotated with @RequestMapping
  - value: URL pattern(s)
  - Mapping can be further refined by using method, params, and headers

## Database Access

- ◆ DAO interfaces
  - E.g. csns.model.core.dao
- ◆ DAO implementations
  - E.g. csns.model.core.dao.jpa

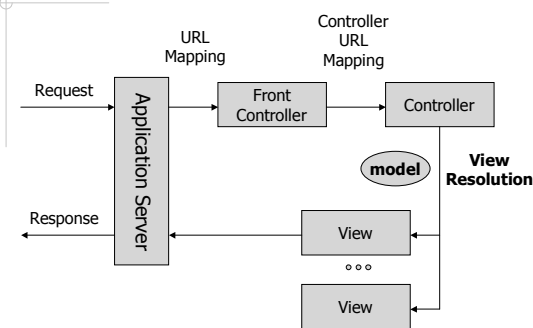
## Spring Transaction Management

- ◆ Transaction management code is added through AOP
- ◆ `<tx:annotation-driven>` enables configuration of transactional behavior based on annotations

## Spring DAO Annotations

- ◆ `@Repository` for DAO implementation classes
- ◆ `@PersistenceContext` injects an entity manager to the class
- ◆ `@Transactional` for methods that write to the database

## Request Processing in an MVC Framework



## Model and View

- ◆ A view is identified by a *name* (not a path like `/WEB-INF/foo.jsp`)
- ◆ Model objects are passed to view using a `ModelMap`

## View Technologies Supported by Spring

- ◆ JSP, Velocity, FreeMarker, XSLT, Tiles, JasperReports
- ◆ Views generated by Java classes

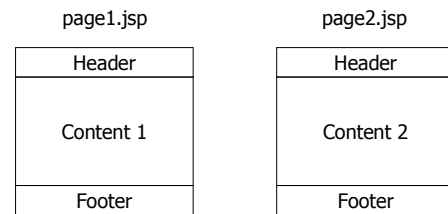
## View Resolvers

- ◆ <http://static.springsource.org/spring/docs/3.0.x/javadoc-api/org/springframework/web/servlet/ViewResolver.html>

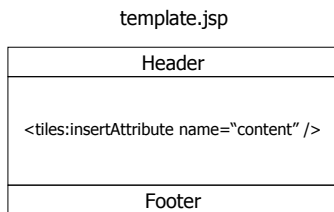
## Apache Tiles

- ◆ <http://tiles.apache.org/>
- ◆ A template framework for JSP
- ◆ Similar to Master Page in ASP.NET

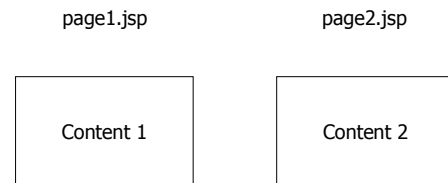
## A Tiles Example



## Tiles – Template Page



## Tiles – Content Pages



## Tiles – Definitions

```
<definition name="page1" template="template.jsp">  
  <put-attribute name="content" value="page1.jsp" />  
</definition>  
  
<definition name="page2" template="template.jsp">  
  <put-attribute name="content" value="page2.jsp" />  
</definition>
```

## Resolve Tiles Views in Spring

```
<bean class="org.springframework.web.servlet.view.tiles2.TilesViewResolver"/>  
<bean class="org.springframework.web.servlet.view.tiles2.TilesConfigurer">  
  <property name="definitions">  
    <list>  
      <value>/WEB-INF/tiles.xml</value>  
    </list>  
  </property>  
</bean>
```

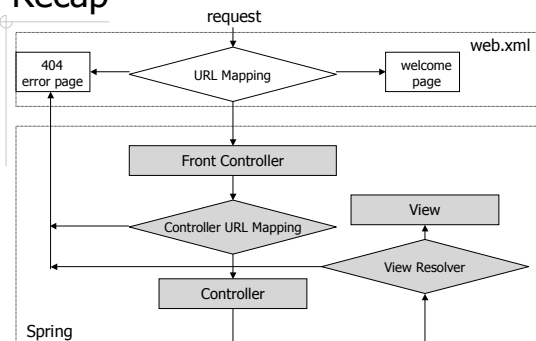
## Tiles Usage in CSNS2

- ◆ WEB-INF/layouts for template and header/footer pages
- ◆ WEB-INF/pages for content pages
- ◆ WEB-INF/tiles.xml

## Special Views

- ◆ "redirect:" + url
  - E.g. instructor/AssignmentController
- ◆ null
  - E.g. DownloadController

## Recap



## Create Controllers

- ◆ List all courses
- ◆ Display a selected course
- ◆ Add a new course
- ◆ Edit a course

## Example: List All Courses

- ◆ Controller basics
  - @Controller
  - @RequestMapping
  - ModelAndView
  - Database access
- ◆ Use Tiles
  - Create a content page
  - Add a tiles definition

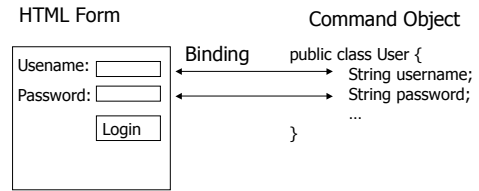
## Example: Display A Course

- ◆ @RequestParam
  - required

## Example: Add A Course

- ◆ Command object (a.k.a. form backing object)
  - Concept
  - Binding
  - `@ModelAttribute`
- ◆ `@RequestMapping`
  - method
- ◆ The "redirect" view

## Command Object



## Handling Forms

- ◆ One controller method for
  - Creating a command object
  - Returning the form view
- ◆ Form view
  - Use Spring `<form>` tags to bind the command object to the form
- ◆ One controller method for
  - Processing the command object (annotated with `@ModelAttribute`)
  - Returning the success view

## Spring's `form` Tag Library

- ◆ Documentation - <http://static.springsource.org/spring/docs/current/spring-framework-reference/html/view.html#view-jsp-formtaglib>
- ◆ Tag reference - <http://static.springsource.org/spring/docs/current/spring-framework-reference/html/spring-form.tld.html>

## Example: Edit A Course

- ◆ Store command object in session
  - `@SessionAttributes`
  - `SessionStatus`
- ◆ Property editor
  - Convert between an object and its string representation
  - E.g. a `Calendar` object  $\leftrightarrow$  "10/26/2011"
- ◆ The `<select>` tag in Spring `form` taglib

## Exercise: Delete A Course

- ◆ Delete the course from the database, or
- ◆ Set a `deleted` flag

## Access HTTP Request, Response, and Session

- ◆ Simply add an argument of that type to the controller method
- ◆ Examples in CSNS2
  - DownloadController
  - instructor/SectionController

## Further Readings

- ◆ Spring in Action (3<sup>rd</sup> Ed)
  - Chapter 5-7
- ◆ Spring Framework Reference Documentation  
<http://static.springsource.org/spring/docs/current/spring-framework-reference/html/>
  - Chapter 16.2.4 Using Spring's form tag library
  - Appendix G. spring-form.tld