

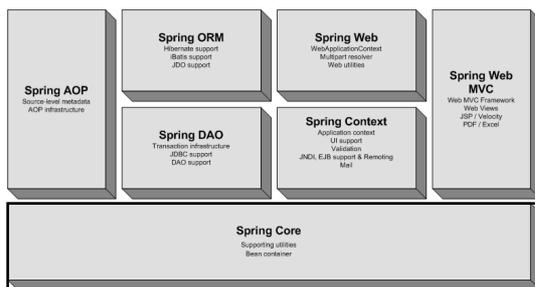
CS520 Web Programming Spring – Inversion of Control

Chengyu Sun
California State University, Los Angeles

Background

- ◆ Originally developed by Rod Johnson
- ◆ Addresses many problems of EJB
- ◆ One of the most popular Java web development frameworks
- ◆ Books
 - *Expert One-on-One: J2EE Design and Development (2002)*
 - *Expert One-on-One: J2EE Development without EJB (2004)*
 - *Professional Java Development with the Spring Framework (2005)*

Spring Framework

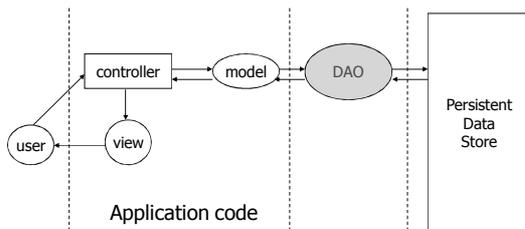


The Need for IoC

- ◆ The DAO Example
 - The Data Access Object (DAO) pattern
 - DAO in CSNS
 - ◆ Interface
 - ◆ Implementation
 - ◆ Usage in application code

Data Access Object (DAO)

- ◆ A Java EE design pattern



UserDao in CSNS – Interface

```
public interface UserDao {  
  
    public User getUserById( Integer id );  
    public List getUsersById( Integer ids[] );  
    public List getUsersByRoleName( String roleName );  
    public User getUserByCin( String cin );  
    public User getUserByName( String username );  
    public User getUserByEmail( String email );  
    public void saveUser( User user );  
  
}
```

UserDao in CSNS – Implementation

◆ Database access through Hibernate

```
public class UserDaoImpl
    extends HibernateDaoSupport
    implements UserDao {

    public User getUserById( Integer id )
    {
        return (User) getHibernateTemplate()
            .get(User.class, id);
    }
    ... ..
}
```

UserDao in CSNS – Usage in Application Code

- ◆ Used in more than twenty controllers, validators, and access decision voters
 - Add instructor/student to class sections
 - Validate whether a username is already used
 - Check whether a user can access certain assignment or grade
 - ...

```
User instructor = userDao.getUserById( instructorId );
Section section = sectionDao.getSectionById( sectionId );
```

```
section.addInstructor( instructor );
sectionDao.saveSection( section );
```

Advantages of DAO

- ◆ Provide a data access API that is
 - Independent of *persistent storage types*, e.g. relational DB, OODB, XML flat files etc.
 - Independent of *persistent storage implementations*, e.g. MySQL, PostgreSQL, Oracle etc.
 - Independent of *data access implementations*, e.g. JDBC, Hibernate, JDO, etc.

Instantiate a UserDao Object in Application Code

1. `UserDaoHibernateImpl` userDao =
 new UserDaoHibernateImpl();
2. `UserDao` userDao =
 new UserDaoHibernateImpl();

Which one is better??

Problem Caused by Object Instantiation

- ◆ What if we decide to use JDBC instead of Hibernate, i.e. replace `UserDaoHibernateImpl` with `UserDaoJdbcImpl`
 - The application is not really independent of the data access method
 - Switching to a different `UserDao` implementation affects all the code that uses `UserDao`

Another Way to Instantiate UserDao

```
Usserdeo userDao;

...

public void setUserDao( UserDao userDao)
{
    this.userDao = userDao;
}
```

- ◆ No more dependency on a specific implementation of the DAO
- ◆ *But who will call the setter?*

Inversion of Control (IoC)

- ◆ A framework like Spring is responsible for instantiating the objects and pass them to application code
 - A.K.A. IoC container, bean container
- ◆ Inversion of Control (IoC)
 - The application code is no longer responsible for instantiate an interface with a specific implementation
 - A.K.A. Dependency Injection

Example: Hello World

- ◆ `Message` is a Java object (or bean) managed by the Spring container
 - Created by the container
 - Property is set by the container

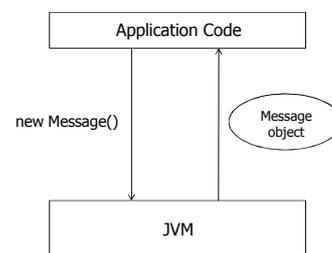
Bean Configuration File

```
<beans>
  <bean id="msgBean"
        class="cs520.spring.hello.Message">
    <property name="message" value="Hello World!" />
  </bean>
</beans>
```

- ◆ The string "Hello World" is injected to the bean `msgBean`

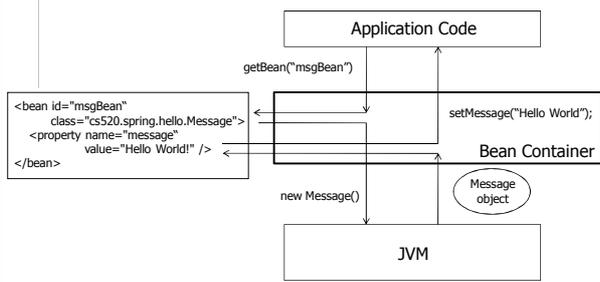
Understand Bean Container ...

- ◆ Without a bean container



... Understand Bean Container

- ◆ With a bean container



Dependency Injection

- ◆ Objects that can be injected
 - Simple types: strings and numbers
 - Collection types: list, set, and maps
 - Other beans
- ◆ Methods of injection
 - via Setters
 - via Constructors

Dependency Injection Example

◆ DjBean

- Fields of simple types
- Fields of collection types
- Fields of class types

Quick Summary of Bean Configuration

Bean	<bean>, "id", "class"
Simple type property	<property>, "name", "value"
Class type property	<property>, "name", "ref" (to another <bean>)
Collection type property	<list>/<set>/<map>/<props>, <value>/<ref>/<entry>/<prop>
Constructor arguments	<constructor-arg>, "index", same as other properties

Some Bean Configuration Examples

```

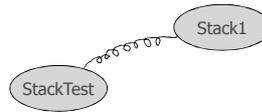
<property name="foo">
  <set>
    <value>bar1</value>
    <ref bean="bar2" />
  </set>
</property>

<property name="foo">
  <map>
    <entry key="key1">
      <value>bar1</value>
    </entry>
    <entry key="key2">
      <ref bean="bar2" />
    </entry>
  </map>
</property>

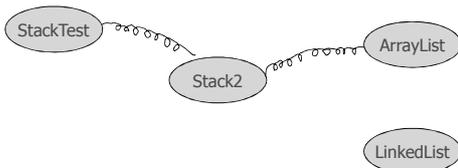
<property name="foo">
  <props>
    <prop key="key1">bar1</prop>
    <prop key="key2">bar2</prop>
  </props>
</property>

```

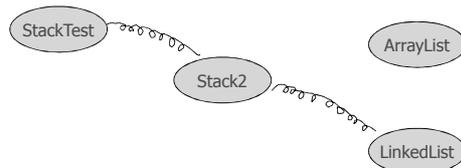
Wiring – The Stack Example (I)



Wiring – The Stack Example (II)



Wiring – The Stack Example (III)



Auto Wiring

- ◆ `<bean autowire="autowire type"/>`
- ◆ `<beans default-autowire="autowire type">`
- ◆ Auto wire types
 - `byName`
 - `byType`
 - `constructor`
 - `autodetect`

Advantages of IoC

- ◆ Separate application code from service implementation
- ◆ Centralized dependency management
- ◆ Singleton objects improve performance
 - *Singleton vs. Prototype*

More Readings

- ◆ *Spring in Action (2ed)*
 - Chapter 1.3 Understand Dependency Injection
- ◆ *Professional Java Development with the Spring Framework*
 - Chapter 1 and 2
- ◆ Spring Reference Manual for V2.0 - <http://static.springframework.org/spring/docs/2.5.x/reference/index.html>
 - Chapter 3